

### LAIRD ANDROID SD45 SOFTWARE INTEGRATION GUIDE

Application Note v1.8

#### **OVERVIEW**

This document explains the steps required to fully integrate the SD45 Android software package.

Laird recommends that you thoroughly analyse each step of the process. Each individual step should be integrated separately and manually tested. Attempting all of the steps at once without testing will likely cause bugs that are difficult to troubleshoot as a whole. By contrast, a step-by-step approach will ensure that each procedure is successful for the dependent steps that follow.

Integrating a Wi-Fi driver into specific Android platform code can be challenging and may require platform-specific changes. If the following information is confusing or does not provide the proper results, please visit <a href="https://laird-ews-support.desk.com/">https://laird-ews-support.desk.com/</a> for further assistance.

This guide covers integration of both Wi-Fi and Bluetooth functionality of the SD45 on Android.

Note:

The SD45 is available as part of a bundle pack which contains both a 45 series radio and the Laird BT830. Specific information for integrating the BT830 is therefore provided in this guide in the section BT830 Specific Integration.

## **REQUIRED FILES**

There are several files required for successful software integration. They are of two kinds: Open source drivers provided by Atheros, and binaries provided by Laird.

## **Atheros Open Source Driver Files**

- ath6kl core.ko
- ath6kl\_sdio.ko

These two drivers must be built-in or cross-compiled against your Linux kernel. See <u>Compiling the ath6kl Driver</u> and <u>Configuring a Linux-Backports Release</u> for more information.

Note:

From Linux 3.2 onward, the source code necessary to compile Atheros drivers is natively included as a proper wireless driver. See <a href="http://wireless.kernel.org/en/users/Drivers/ath6kl">http://wireless.kernel.org/en/users/Drivers/ath6kl</a> for more information and access to linux-backports releases of the driver.

Laird recommends the use of linux-backports to cross-compile the latest open source version of the ath6kl driver. This ensures access to the newest upstream source changes, regardless of your platform's kernel version. See the **Configuring a Linux-backports Release** for further instructions.

# **Laird-Provided Binary Files**

If this is a new integration, and you have not already been provided the following files, please contact <a href="mailto:ews.support@lairdtech.com">ews.support@lairdtech.com</a> or <a href="mailto:wireless.support@lairdtech.com">wireless.support@lairdtech.com</a> for the following files.

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#### Atheros firmware binary

fw-3.bin (or fw-4.bin with newer Atheros Wi-Fi drivers)

The open source driver can load the publically available firmware from Atheros. However, this should not be used for anything other than debugging purposes. The firmware file provided by Laird includes support for enhanced roaming algorithms, as well as other proprietary functionality that does not work with the public firmware.

**Note:** Laird does not support any version of firmware other than the one specifically provided by Laird.

#### Atheros board calibration file

bdata.bin

The board calibration file is tuned for use with our SD45 module. To maintain regulatory compliance, the bdata.bin file provided by Laird **MUST** be used.

**Note:** Laird does not support any other board calibration files.

#### Laird Android wpa\_supplicant

wpa\_supplicant.bin

Laird provides their own proprietary wpa\_supplicant which supports enhanced encryption methods, along with CCX support. This supplicant is also used in conjunction with the Android LCM to configure the Wi-Fi connection.

**Note:** The MSD45 may be alternatively used with the wpa\_supplicant\_8 included inside of the AOSP; however, Laird does not directly support this.

#### Laird's Connection Manager Application

LCM.apk

Laird provides their own proprietary Android application to control Laird-specific parameters. See <u>Installing</u> the LCM.

Note: This application may be used in tandem with the native Android connection manager.

### **COMPILING THE ATH6KL DRIVER**

The following flags must be set in the Linux kernel's .config file:

#### Enable Wireless and CFG80211

CONFIG\_WIRELESS=y CONFIG\_CFG80211=m CONFIG\_WLAN=y

#### Atheros Specific

CONFIG\_ATH\_COMMON=m CONFIG\_ATH6KL=m CONFIG\_ATH6KL\_SDIO=m

#### Optional/Debugging

CONFIG\_ATH\_DEBUG=y
CONFIG\_ATH6KL\_DEBUG=y

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Note:

Additional .config flags are device specific and may be required for proper compilation. These flags are merely the minimum of what is required to compile the ath6kl drivers.

In newer Linux kernel's, CONFIG\_ATH\_COMMON has been replaced with CONFIG\_ATH\_CARDS. The functionality and usage between the two is identical.

Flags set in this manner create ath6kl\_core and ath6kl\_sdio.ko files. Optionally, the driver can also be compiled with the 'y' flag to incorporate the drivers directly into the kernel. This can be done for ath6kl\_core or ath6kl\_sdio.

Example: CONFIG\_ATH6KL\_SDIO=y

Note: It is impossible to load externally cross-compiled linux-backports releases if they are included

natively in the kernel.

On some Android platforms, the SDIO bus speed is, by default, set to 50 MHz or greater. For initial integration, we suggest that you configure this to 25 MHz. This must be specifically defined in the Linux kernel.

### **CONFIGURING A LINUX-BACKPORTS RELEASE**

## **Required Files**

The latest stable Linux-backports release is located at: https://www.kernel.org/pub/linux/kernel/projects/backports/stable/

Be sure to download and un-zip the file before proceeding.

#### **Build Process**

Linux backports usage documentation can be found at: <a href="https://backports.wiki.kernel.org/index.php/Documentation#Usage\_guide">https://backports.wiki.kernel.org/index.php/Documentation#Usage\_guide</a>

Be sure to go over the section regarding Cross compiling for proper creation of the ath6kl driver.

**Note:** Ignore the *make install* command; it does not work properly for this situation. The final step is *make* (rather than *make install*).

Feel free to use "make oldconfig" to manually configure the .config appropriately. When complete, the following .config values should be set:

```
CPTCFG_WIRELESS=y

CPTCFG_NET_CORE=y

CPTCFG_EXPERT=y

...

CPTCFG_CFG80211=m

CPTCFG_CFG80211_DEFAULT_PS=y

CPTCFG_CFG80211_WEXT=y

...
```

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```
CPTCFG_WLAN=y
...

CPTCFG_ATH_CARDS=m

CPTCFG_ATH_DEBUG=y

CPTCFG_ATH6KL=m

CPTCFG_ATH6KL_SDIO=m

CPTCFG_ATH6KL_DEBUG=y
```

#### **Generated Files**

The following generated files must be copied into the Android File System:

- ath6kl\_core.ko Can be found at /drivers/net/wireless/ath/ath6kl
- ath6kl\_sdio.ko Can be found at /drivers/net/wireless/ath/ath6kl
- compat.ko Can be found at /compat/compat.ko
- cfg80211.ko Can be found at /net/wireless/cfg80211.ko

#### ADDING FILES TO THE ANDROID FILE SYSTEM

## **Required Files**

Create a folder that contains the modules to be copied, along with an .mk file with the following entries:

```
ifeq ($(BOARD_WLAN_DEVICE), qcwcn)
PRODUCT_COPY_FILES += \
   $(LOCAL_PATH) wpa_supplicant:system/bin/wpa_supplicant \
   $(LOCAL_PATH) wpa_cli:system/bin/wpa_cli \
   $(LOCAL_PATH) wpa_supplicant.conf:system/etc/wifi/wpa_supplicant.conf \
   $(LOCAL_PATH) /fw_v3.4.0.81.bin:system/vendor/firmware/ath6k/AR6003/hw2.1.1/fw-3.bin \
   $(LOCAL_PATH) /bdata.bin:system/vendor/firmware/ath6k/AR6003/hw2.1.1/bdata.bin \
   $(LOCAL_PATH) cfg80211.ko:system/lib/modules/cfg80211.ko \
   $(LOCAL_PATH) compat.ko:system/lib/modules/compat.ko \
   $(LOCAL_PATH) ath6k1_core.ko:system/lib/modules/ath6k1_core.ko \
   $(LOCAL_PATH) ath6k1_sdio.ko:system/lib/modules/ath6k1_sdio.ko
endif
```

Android has its own default location to look for vendor firmware. The path is defined in /system/core/init/devices.c

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Note: AOSP Jellybean source defines three locations which are version specific:

```
#define FIRMWARE_DIR1 "/etc/firmware"
#define FIRMWARE_DIR2 "/vendor/firmware"
#define FIRMWARE_DIR3 "/firmware/image"
```

The open source Atheros driver always looks for the firmware and board calibration files in the following location: ath6k/AR6003/hw2.1.1

For Laird's integration, FIRMWARE\_DIR2 was selected. The files are copied into the following location: **/vendor/firmware/ath6k/AR6003/hw2.1.1**.

Laird selected **system/lib/modules** as a logical location for the seperate kernel object files. However, any Android file system location with the correct permissions may be used. Further documentation below describes how to configure /system/lib/modules to have the appropriate permissions.

### **INSTALLING LCM.APK**

## Adding as a System Application

To give the LCM application appropriate privileges so that it can correctly exercise Wi-Fi functionality, it must be added as an Android System Application.

All that is required for this installation is to make sure the LCM.apk file is copied to: /system/app/LCM.apk

#### Modifying BoardConfig.mk

Many chip vendors provide a BoardConfig.mk file that already includes a reference to another Wi-Fi module. Duplicate definitions cause problems with Wi-Fi integration. Prior to starting, please comment out (or completely remove) unnecessary Wi-Fi card definitions.

## Required

Note:

Add the following to the end of your BoardConfig.mk file:

```
BOARD_WIFI_VENDOR := atheros

ifeq ($(BOARD_WIFI_VENDOR), atheros)

BOARD_WLAN_DEVICE := qcwcn

BOARD_HAS_ATH_WLAN := true
endif
```

Note:

Laird provides a pre-compiled wpa\_supplicant.bin, so wpa\_supplicant and wpa\_supplicant\_drv definitions are not required.

# **Installing** .ko Files

If you have chosen to compile the Atheros driver (drivers) as .ko files, you must define the following in the .mk file.

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```
WIFI_DRIVER_MODULE_PATH := "/system/lib/modules/ath6kl_sdio.ko" WIFI_DRIVER_MODULE_NAME := "ath6kl_sdio"
```

Note:

Android requires that DRIVER\_MODULE\_PATH and WIFI\_DRIVER\_MODULE\_NAME are defined at least once inside of BoardConfig.mk. If they are not defined, the insmod section of wifi.c will not be configured correctly.

If both ath6kl\_core and ath6kl\_sdio are compiled as .ko modules, only the ath6kl\_sdio.ko should be referenced in the BoardConfig.mk. In this scenario, the insmod for ath6kl\_core.ko must be added to the Wi-Fi HAL code. Please see **Modifying Wifi.c** for more information.

### **MODIFYING WIFI.C**

Note:

The following changes may be optional depending on your configuration. They may also be optional depending on the version of Android that is being used. Please read notes below for more information.

The information below relates to modifying the HAL (Hardware Abstraction Layer) file: <platform>/hardware/libhardware\_legacy/wifi/wifi.c

### **Integration Type 1**

Both ath6kl\_core and ath6kl\_sdio are built into the Linux kernel.

When the modules are built directly into the kernel, wifi.c no longer needs to insmod or rmmod a specific driver. Therefore, these two methods should be commented out and instead immediately return 0.

For example, the following modified code snippet was taken from Jellybean's version of wifi.c:

```
static int insmod(const char *filename, const char *args)
{
    return 0;
// Module built into kernel.
/*
    void *module;
    unsigned int size;
    int ret;

    module = load file(filename, &size);
    if (!module)
        return -1;

    ret = init module(module, size, args);

    free(module);
    return ret;
    */
}
```

## **Integration Type 2**

ath6kl\_core is built into the Linux kernel and ath6kl\_sdio is built as a .ko file.

No insmod or rmmod changes to wifi.c are required.



## **Integration Type 3**

Both ath6kl\_core and ath6kl\_sdio are built as .ko files.

With no modifications, wifi.c only insmods ath6kl\_sdio. This fails because ath6kl\_sdio requires that ath6kl\_core.ko is loaded. Therefore ath6kl\_core.ko must be insmoded prior to (and rmmoded after) ath6kl\_sdio.ko.

Furthermore, any additional files created with a linux-backport release – specifically compat.ko and cfg80211.ko must also be insmoded in the appropriate order. See the following source code example:

```
static const char COMPAT MODULE NAME[]
                                              = "compat";
                                              = "cfq80211";
static const char CFG80211 MODULE NAME[]
                                              = "ath6kl core";
static const char CORE MODULE NAME[]
static const char COMPAT MODULE PATH[]
"/system/lib/modules/compat.ko";
static const char CFG80211 MODULE PATH[]
"/system/lib/modules/cfg80211.ko";
static const char CORE MODULE PATH[]
"/system/lib/modules/ath6kl core.ko";
static int insmod(const char *filename sdio, const char *args)
   void *module compat;
   void *module cfg;
   void *module core;
   void *module sdio;
   unsigned int size compat;
   unsigned int size cfg;
   unsigned int size core;
   unsigned int size sdio;
   int ret;
    // Loading modules
   module compat = load file(COMPAT MODULE PATH, &size compat);
    if (!module compat)
       return -1;
    module cfg = load file(CFG80211 MODULE PATH, &size cfg);
    if (!module cfq)
       return -1;
    module core = load file(CORE MODULE PATH, &size core);
    if (!module core)
       return -1;
    module sdio = load file(filename sdio, &size sdio);
    if (!module sdio)
       return -1;
    // Inserting modules
    ret = init module(module compat, size compat, args);
    if (ret < 0)
       return ret;
    ret = init module(module cfg, size cfg, args);
    if (ret < 0)
```



```
return ret;
    ret = init module(module core, size core, args);
    if (ret < 0)
        return ret;
ALOGD("Inserting module at \"%s\"", filename sdio);
    ret = init module(module sdio, size sdio, args);
    if (ret < 0)
        return ret;
    free(module compat);
    free (module cfg);
    free (module core);
    free (module sdio);
   return ret;
}
static int rmmod(const char *modname sdio)
    int ret = -1;
    int maxtry = 10;
    // SDIO
    while (maxtry-- > 0) {
        ret = delete module(modname sdio, O NONBLOCK | O EXCL);
        if (ret < 0 && errno == EAGAIN)
            usleep(500000);
        else
           break;
    }
    if (ret != 0) {
        ALOGD("Unable to unload driver module \"%s\": %s\n",
             modname sdio, strerror(errno));
        return ret;
    }
    // Core
    ret = -1;
    maxtry = 10;
    while (maxtry-- > 0) {
        ret = delete module(CORE MODULE NAME, O NONBLOCK | O EXCL);
        if (ret < 0 && errno == EAGAIN)
            usleep(500000);
        else
            break;
    }
    if (ret != 0) {
        ALOGD("Unable to unload driver module \"%s\": %s\n",
             modname core, strerror(errno));
        return ret;
```



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```
// CFG80211
    ret = -1;
    maxtry = 10;
    while (maxtry-- > 0) {
        ret = delete module(CFG80211 MODULE NAME, O NONBLOCK | O EXCL);
        if (ret < 0 && errno == EAGAIN)
            usleep(500000);
        else
            break;
    }
    if (ret != 0) {
        ALOGD("Unable to unload driver module \"%s\": %s\n",
             CFG80211 MODULE NAME, strerror(errno));
        return ret;
    }
    // Compat
    ret = -1;
    maxtry = 10;
    while (maxtry-- > 0) {
        ret = delete module(COMPAT MODULE NAME, O NONBLOCK | O EXCL);
        if (ret < 0 && errno == EAGAIN)</pre>
            usleep(500000);
        else
            break;
    }
    if (ret != 0) {
        ALOGD("Unable to unload driver module \"%s\": %s\n",
             COMPAT MODULE NAME, strerror(errno));
        return ret;
    }
    return ret;
}
```



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### **MODIFYING INIT.RC**

**init.rc** is a file that contains Android specific Init Language which provides both generic and machine level initialization instructions. The following Wi-Fi specific changes are used to enable the wpa\_supplicant and allow Wi-Fi the correct sockets of communication. If done correctly, occurs automatically once Wi-Fi is turned on in Android.

**Notes:** As was mentioned in BoardConfig.mk, many chip vendors provide an init.rc file that already includes references to other Wi-Fi modules or wpa\_supplicants. Duplicate definitions cause problems with Wi-Fi integration. Prior to starting, please comment out (or completely remove) unnecessary Wi-Fi related definitions

init.rc is commonly divided into the standard init.rc for non-machine level initialization and init.<machine\_name>.rc for machine level init. For certain platform integrations, it may be a better solution to place these changes into init.<machine\_name>.rc.

The following is the Wi-Fi specific section of Laird's init.rc file for a Jellybean specific platform which uses wpa\_supplicant\_8.

**Note:** The following is divided into sections for clarification purposes.

### **File System Permissions**

```
# give system access to wpa supplicant.conf for backup and restore
mkdir /data/misc/wifi 0770 wifi system
mkdir /data/misc/wifi/sockets 0770 wifi system
chmod 0770 /data/misc/wifi
chmod 0770 /data/misc/wifi/sockets
chmod 0660 /data/misc/wifi/wpa supplicant.conf
chmod 0775 /data/misc/wifi/ipconfig.txt
mkdir /data/local 0751 root root

# For Use with Laird Android SDK
mkdir /data/Laird 0777 system system

mkdir /data/misc/dhcp 0770 dhcp dhcp
chown dhcp dhcp /data/misc/dhcp
```

**Note:** It is very important that the above is followed as closely as possible. Specifically make sure that the line: **mkdir/data/Laird 0777 system** is added. This directory is leveraged for storage by both LCM and the Laird supplicant.

#### **Services and Properties on Boot**

```
on boot

# Define the Wi-Fi and other props
setprop wifi.interface "wlan0"
```

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```
setprop wlan.interface "wlan0"
setprop wlan.driver.status "ok"

service wpa_supplicant /system/bin/wpa_supplicant -Dnl80211 -iwlan0 -
c/data/misc/wifi/wpa_supplicant.conf -e/data/misc/wifi/entropy.bin
    class main
    socket wpa_wlan0 dgram 660 wifi wifi
    disabled
    oneshot

service dhcpcd_wlan0 /system/bin/dhcpcd -ABKL
    class main
    disabled
    oneshot

service iprenew_wlan0 /system/bin/dhcpcd -n
    class main
    disabled
    oneshot
```

## JELLYBEAN SPECIFIC - DISABLE P2P SUPPLICANT:

In Jellybean, significant changes were made to wifi.c code and by default, it attempts to load both a wpa\_supplicant service and a p2p\_supplicant service. P2p is not currently supported with the open source version of this driver and should be disabled in Jellybean during integration.

The following code changes are needed to disable p2p in Jellybean:

#### Modify the wpa\_supplicant's android.config

In external/wpa\_supplicant\_8/wpa\_supplicant/android.config, ensure that CONFIG\_P2P, CONFIG\_WIFI\_DISPLAY, and CONFIG\_AP are all = n (or are commented out).

See the following:

```
# Enable P2P
CONFIG_P2P=n
CONFIG_AP=n
#Enable Wifi Display
CONFIG_WIFI_DISPLAY=n
```

### Modify device.mk

In your device.mk file (\* this name can be platform specific), confirm that the *android.hardware.wifi.direct.xml* feature is **NOT** being copied into **out/.../system/etc/permissions**.

Specifically look for the following:

```
PRODUCT_COPY_FILES += \
```

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. . .

frameworks/native/data/etc/android.hardware.wifi.direct.xml:system/etc/permi
ssions/android.hardware.wifi.

direct.xml

### Remove config.xml References

In frameworks/base/core/res/res/values/config.xml remove the following references:

### **BLUETOOTH – BASIC INTEGRATION**

The following is required to integrate a Bluetooth radio into Android using the BlueZ stack.

Note:

As of Android 4.2.2, Android has changed its native Bluetooth stack. From this point forward, BlueDroid source code is included by default in the AOSP.

Laird integration of the BlueDroid stack is still under development.

Bluetooth integration requires that you specify Bluetooth is on in BoardConfig.mk.

## BoardConfig.mk

Confirm that the following is defined:

```
BOARD_HAVE_BLUETOOTH := true
```

### **BT830 Specific Integration**

Laird's BT830 is available as a bundle purchase with SD45 radios as a way to prototype the interoperability between the two. For that reason, it may be required for some customers to additionally enable the BT830 in conjunction with the SD45.

The BT830 requires specific CSR PSKeys to be set prior to initialization. This can be configured through the BlueZ tool – bccmd. The following BlueZ commands will properly initialize the BT830 radio.

```
bccmd -t BCSP -d /dev/ttyS0 psload --reset defaults.psr
hciattach /dev/ttyS0 H4 115200
hciconfig hci0 up
```

The BlueZ stack can be started normally after this point.

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# **REVISION HISTORY**

Version	Date	Changes	Approved By
1.4	04 June 2014	Added links for clarity. Added an <i>Installing LCM.apk</i> section.	Brian Wagner
1.5	17 July 2014	Added "Bluetooth – Basic Integration" and "BT830-Specific Integration"	Brian Wagner
1.6	08 Aug 2014	Added note on SDIO Bus Clock speed to Modifying wifi.c	Brian Wagner
1.7	10 Dec 2014	Modified location of SDIO bus clock speed note. Added appropriate wpa_supplicant and wpa_supplicant.conf information for first-time integration.	Brian Wagner
1.8	15 Oct 2015	Added <b>Approved By</b> column to Rev History table	Sue White